

Supplementary file 1*Linear mixed effects model*

As preliminary analyses showed, there are different intercepts and growth slopes in conflict rates for the provinces under study. Therefore, a linear mixed effects model was applied to evaluate the trend of mean rate in these provinces from 2014 to 2020. This trend has a linear reduction from 2014 to 2017 and a slight linear growth until 2020 (Figure 1). So, we assume a piecewise linear mixed effects model with a knot in 2017. This model has an intercept and two slopes (one slope for changes in the mean rate before 2017, another for after 2017) which can be specified as:

$$E(Y_{ij}|b_i) = \beta_1 + \beta_2 \text{time}_{ij} + \beta_3 (\text{time}_{ij})_+ + b_{1i} + b_{2i} \text{time}_{ij} + b_{2i} (\text{time}_{ij})_+$$

Where time_{ij} denotes year of j th measurement on the i th province before or after 2017, $(\text{time}_{ij})_+ = \text{time}_{ij}$ if $\text{time}_{ij} > 2017$ and $(\text{time}_{ij})_+ = 0$ if $\text{time}_{ij} \leq 2017$. $(\beta_1 + b_{1i})$ is intercept for i th province, $(\beta_2 + b_{2i})$ and $\{(\beta_2 + \beta_3) + (b_{2i} + b_{3i})\}$ are the i th province's slope before and after 2017 (18, 19)

Growth Mixture Model (GMM)

$$y_{it}^k = \eta_{i0}^k + \eta_{i1}^k \lambda_t^k + \varepsilon_{it}^k$$

$$\eta_{i0}^k = \eta_{00}^k + \sum_j \beta_{01j}^k x_j + \varsigma_{i0}^k$$

$$\eta_{i1}^k = \eta_{10}^k + \sum_j \beta_{11j}^k x_j + \varsigma_{i1}^k$$

Where y_{it}^k is conflict rate for the i th province at time t ; η_{i0}^k and η_{i1}^k are latent variables, λ_t^k is time score which can be specified as linear, nonlinear polynomial functions of time or free time

scores; ε_{it}^k is residual term for i th country at time t ; η_{00}^k and η_{10}^k are intercept coefficients representing the model estimated overall mean levels of initial and average rate of conflict change over time; β_{01j}^k and β_{11j}^k are slope coefficients of covariates x_j ; ζ_{i0}^k and ζ_{i1}^k are error terms (23, 24).