Supplementary file 1

Table S1. Correlations between hair mineral concentrations and suspected risk factors for esophageal squamous cell carcinoma in the controls from the Golestan Cohort Study.

| | Partial correlation squared (percent) | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------|-----------|
| Variable | Iron | Copper | Magnesium |
| Sex | 7.8* | 0.2 | 4.8 |
| Age | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| Education | 3.8 | 0.1 | 0.5 |
| BMI, kg/m ² | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.3 |
| Place of residence | 0.9 | 3.8 | 4.0 |
| Opium | 0.1 | 0.6 | 0.1 |
| Smoking | 9.2* | 0.0 | 0.2 |
| Physical activity | 7.6* | 0.6 | 5.2 |
| Vegetable intake | 0.0 | 0.6 | 0.0 |
| Fruit intake | 0.4 | 1.3 | 0.2 |
| Ethnicity | 1.9 | 1.8 | 0.6 |
| Wealth score | 1.1 | 0.3 | 0.0 |
| Other minerals | | | |
| Iron | - | 0.2 | 2.1 |
| Copper | 0.2 | - | 4.8* |
| Magnesium | 2.1 | 4.8* | - |
| *P<0.05 | I | 1 | <u>I</u> |